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THE

Massachusetts And BOSTON GAZETTE. NEWS-LETTER.

Number 3206

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THURSDAY, August 1. 1765.

BY HIS EXCELLENCY

FRANCIS BERNARD, Esq;

Captain-General and Governor in Chief, in and over his Majesty's Province of the MASSACHUSETTS-BAY in NEW-ENGLAND, and Vice-Admiral of the same.

A PROCLAMATION

For Proroguing the General Court.

WHEREAS the Great and General Court or Assembly for His Majesty's Province of the *Massachusetts-Bay*, begun and held at *Boston*, upon Wednesday the Twenty-ninth Day of *May* 1765, stands Prorogued to Wednesday the Fourteenth Day of *August* next; and there being nothing in Prospect for his Majesty's immediate Service that requires their Meeting at that Time;

I DO hereby further Prorogue the said Great and General Court or Assembly unto Wednesday the Twenty-fifth Day of *September* next; and the said Great and General Court or Assembly is accordingly Prorogued unto the said Twenty-fifth Day of *September*, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, then to meet at the Court-House in *Boston*: Whereof all the Members of the said Court, and all other Persons concerned are to take Notice, and conform themselves accordingly.

AND the Sheriffs of the several Counties, their Under-Sheriffs or Deputies, and the Constables of the several Towns within the same, are commanded to cause this Proclamation to be forthwith published and posted within their Precincts.

GIVEN at *Boston*, *the Twenty-fifth Day* of July, 1765, *in the Fifth Year of the Reign of our Sovereign Lord* GEORGE *the Third, by the Grace of* GOD *of* Great-Britain, France *and* Ireland, *KING, Defender of the Faith, &c.*

By His Excellency's Command,
A. OLIVER, *Secr.*

FRA. BERNARD.

GOD Save the KING.

THIS DAY

AT 11 o' Clock A. M. will be Sold by Inch of Candle, at the Royal Exchange Tavern in King-Street, (*if not sold at private Sale before*)

Two well-finished Brick

Houses, in good Repair, behind the Old Brick Meeting-House in Cornhill; one now occupied by *Samuel Wentworth*, Esq; the other by Mr. *Henry Dering*. For further Particulars enquire of *William Mollineaux*, at his Dwelling-House in *Boston*.

On TUESDAY the 6th of *August*

Will be sold by PUBLIC VENDUE,

at the House next above Dr. *Sprague*, in Winter-Street near the Common;——a variety of genteel HOUSE FURNITURE, among which are,

Mohogony Tables, Looking-Glasses,

several setts of Chairs, Mohogony and black Walnut Frames, Feather-Beds and Bedding,——A Variety of China and Glass Ware,——Wearing Apparel.——A Riding-Coat,——Curious Pictures,—a few BOOKS,——some Kitchen Furniture, &c.—Also, a very good Pair of New Sley Runners.—— ☞ The Sale to begin at *Three o'Clock* in the Afternoon.

Boston, August 1.

In this Gazette of the 11th of July was inserted a Paragraph under the Boston Head, taken from the Portsmouth Papers, wherein Mention was made that upwards of 50 Dwelling Houses had been raised at Falmouth, Casco-Bay since last Spring.—We are now desired to contradict the above, as it must have been raised by an Enemy to that Place, and from good Authority to say, That there have been but Twelve Frames for Dwelling Houses erected there since the above Time, the last of which was on the 29th Instant.

A Vessel which arrived at Maryland the 5th Inst. from Lisbon, in Lat. 33. and Long. 53. spoke with the Brig Abigail, Capt. Ouchterloony, from this Port, with a Schooner in company, for Antigua; all well.

By Capt. Brown *arrived at* Casco-Bay *from* London, *we have the following Articles, viz.*

Part of a Letter from London.

A Bounty for Nine years is to commence from the 1st of January, 1766, viz. for three years Twenty shillings for every hundred containing 6 score deals, planks, and boards not less than 20 feet long, 10 inches broad, and 1 & ¼ inch thick, and so in proportion for any greater length, or any greater thickness not exceeding four inches.

Twelve Shillings for every load containing 50 cubic feet of any square timber of all kinds, not less than 10 inches square.

12s. On Deals, Planks and Boards } for the next 3
8s.——Timber, } years.
10s.——Deals, Planks, and Boards } for the last 3
5s.——Timber. } years.

It is necessary to be observed, that the workmen in Great-Britain have been so long accustomed to the forms and dimensions of deals and timber, imported from Norway and the Baltic, that unless the Americans cut and convert theirs after the same manner, it will not sell to advantage, which has proved the case with some cargoes, lately imported from America, that came of various lengths, breadths, and thickness, in expectation that it might be sold per the foot, and in that way find its value; in which the proprietors have found themselves greatly mistaken.

Which imported from foreigners pays duty. Per load per load 3s. 7½

- Fir Timber not less than 10 inches square from 20 feet to 50 feet long.
- An ordinary kind from Norway now sells at 26s. and 28s. per load (50 cubic feet)
- A good kind from Riga, 46s. and 48s. dit.
- Oak Timber not less than 10 inches square from 20 feet to 50 long, 3l. and 4l. per load

Cedar not less than 10 inches square, if 16 inches square the better, from 12 to 20 feet long.

Many other kinds of timber the produce of America, will probably answer for sale in Great-Britain.

The best in quality of every sort should only be sent: All coarse tops of trees to be cut off, as the freight will be so considerable a part of the value.

The following is the proper dimensions of Deals for sale in Great Britain.

Thick Inch	Length Feet	Bredth Inches	Deals from Norway, &c. now selling in London, viz
			ordinary white wood / yellow wood
1¼	10	10&12	4&5l. p120. 7l.&8l. p120
1¼	12	D°	——about 8 and 9 ditto
2	12	D°	
2¼	12	D°	
1¼	14	D°	to proportion to ditto, calculating length and thickness, (the price of one and half inch, twelve feet long being the standard.)
2	14	D°	
2¼	14	D°	
1¼	16	D°	
2	16	D°	
2¼	16	D°	
1¼	18	D°	

When imported from foreigners pays duty. £. 1 8 7½ p. 120 deals. £. 1 16 5 10½ per 120

2	20	12	These dimensions not usually brought from the Baltic, but would sell in proportion to the following.
2	22	D°	
2	24	D°	
2	26	D°	
2	28	D°	
2	30	D°	- - 6s. and 7s. each
2	30	D°	- - 7s. and 8s. ditto
2½	30	D°	- - 9s. and 10s. ditto
3	40	D°	- 12s. and 14s. ditto

All to be perfectly free from sap, and to be sawed exactly regular and conformable to the above dimensions, the cleaner and freer from knots the more agreeable.

N. B. Too great a quantity of Turpentine will displease, as being offensive to the smell, too heavy, and not easy for the tools of the workmen.

"By the Act now passing, liberty will be granted to export from America after the 5th of July, 1765, iron to Ireland, and lumber to Ireland, Madeira, the Western Islands, and any part of Europe to the southward of Cape-Finisher. Also liberty to carry, without sufferance or cocket, any goods of the growth or manufacture of the colonies, from colony to colony, by inland navigation in vessels without decks not exceeding 20 tons, and not above one league from the shore."

London, June 3d and 5th.

Letters from Berlin, of the 21st ult. advise, that the King of Prussia had farmed the revenue of tobacco, imported into his dominions, to a Frenchman, for five tons of gold, or 50,000l. sterling.

It is now said that his royal highness the Duke of York intends to make Copenhagen the last part of his tour on the continent; from whence his highness will embark for England, in company with the Hereditary Prince of Denmark, which, it is expected, will be about the latter end of September next.

This week dispatches have been received from William Henry Lyttleton, Esq; Governor of Jamaica.

This week dispatches were sent off to his Excellency James Wright, Esq; Governor of Georgia.

Notwithstanding so many reports have been inserted in all the papers relative to the change of a certain American governor, it is now said, his conduct has not been disapproved on this side of the water.

We hear, that out of eight midshipmen, who went out in the Boscawen East Indiaman, only three of them lived to return.

Several hundred tons of American hemp are expected over this summer from Carolina, Boston, &c. in consequence of the late act in favour of the importers.

There are said to be at present no less than fourteen persons talked of to succeed the late Arthur Dobbs, Esq; in the government of North-Carolina.

No lawyers have yet been engaged to go over to North-America, as was reported in the papers; as the natives there, assisted by the negroes, can afford to work much cheaper than any persons they can have from England for that purpose.

We hear, that a number of serjeants have for some time past been employed in learning a new mode of exercise, which it is said, they are to instruct all the infantry on the British and Irish establishments.

The right hon. the earl of Bute, will set out next monday for his seat at Mount Stewart in Scotland.

The ship that was burnt at the fire at Rotherhithe, on saturday night last, proves to be the Barrington and Watson Capt. Davidson, lately arrived from Ancona.

The Glocester Journal informs us, that a man, whose name was *Wicks*, was, on Sunday interred at Corse, in that county, aged *forty-five*.

Yesterday being the anniversary of his Majesty's birth day, there was a very numerous Court at St. James's to compliment their Majesties; all the royal Family, foreign ministers, and most of the nobility were present; and at night there were a grand ball.

Among the many very elegant dresses worn at Court, none out-shone, or was more admired, than that of his Grace the Duke of Portland, which was of English manufacture, and the first of the kind ever made in this kingdom.

The dress of the Countess of Northumberland, who made a very grand appearance at Court yesterday, was entirely of English manufacture, enriched with diamonds & jewels, it is said, to the amount of 150,000l.

Yesterday the Earl of Bute was at court to pay his compliments to his Majesty, and his domestics appeared in new rich liveries.

The regiment lately belonging to General Jeffreys, is given to General Keppel. And,

A company in the guards is given to Gen. Amherst who so bravely served his country in North America.

A letter from New York mentions, that in consequence of some late dispatches from England, the American governors have thought proper to remove divers obstructions, which the colony trade had laboured under for near two years.

Upon searching the parish books for Rotherhithe, it appears that 206 substantial householders have been burnt out, that used to pay scot and lot to that parish; and for the better ascertaining the whole number of families that have suffered by this dreadful fire a list has been opened, and the number that signed yesterday are 270.

His royal highness the Duke of York will set out in a few days for Holland.

We hear the importation of lumber or timber into Ireland from North-America, will be proposed in the next session of the Irish Parliament.

An English ship is now in the Elbe, taking in a number of German Palatine passengers for West Florida.

By Capt. Blake, who arrived here last Tuesday from LONDON, we have the public Prints to the 14th of June, from which we have extracted the following Articles, viz.

From the **London Gazette,**

WESMINSTER, May 25.

THIS day his Majesty came to the House of Peers, and being in his royal robes seated on the throne, with the usual solemnity, Sir Septimus Robinson, Knt. Gentleman Usher of the Black Rod, was sent with a Message from his Majesty to the House of Commons, commanding their Attendance in the House of Peers. The Commons being come thither accordingly, his Majesty was pleased to give the royal assent to several public and private bills. After which his Majesty was pleased to make the following most gracious Speech:

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

THE dispatch which you have given, with so much zeal and wisdom to the public business, enables me now to put a period to this session of Parliament.

"No alteration in the state of foreign affairs has happened since your meeting, to disturb the general peace; and it is with pleasure that I inform you, that the present dispositions of the several powers of Europe, promises the continuance of this blessing.

"I have seen, with the most perfect approbation, that you have employed this season of tranquility in promoting those objects which I had recommended to your attention, and in framing such regulations as may best enforce the just authority of the legislature, and at the same time, secure and extend the commerce, and unite the interests of every part of my dominions.

"*Gentlemen of the House of Commons,*

"The chearfulness and prudence which you have shewn in providing for the necessary expences of the present year, deserve my particular acknowledgments. The many bills which you have formed for the improvement and augmentation of the revenue in its several branches, and the early care which you have taken to discharge a part of the national debt, and the most effectual methods to establish the public credit upon the surest foundation, and to alleviate, by degrees, the burthens of my people.

"*My Lords and Gentlemen,*

"The provisions which have been made for the administration of the government, in case the crown should descend to any of my children under the age of eighteen years, whilst they add strength and security to our present establishment, give me the kindest and most convincing proof of your confidence: the sense which I have of the important trust reposed in me, and my desire to repay this mark of your affection, by discharging my part agreeably to your intention in the manner most beneficial to my people, have concurred to make me execute, without delay, the powers with which you have entrusted me. This is already done; and you may be assured, that as far as it depends upon me, those salutary provisions shall never be ineffectual. It is my ardent wish, and shall be my constant endeavour, on this, and every other occasion, to perpetuate the happiness of my subjects, and to transmit to posterity the blessings of our invaluable constitution.

It is remarkable that in the course of the last session of Parliament, 223 Bills received the Royal Assent, which are a much greater number for the short continuance of the sessions, than has happened for several years.

St. James's May 29.

THIS day the Right Honourable Frederick Campbell, Esq; commonly called Lord Frederick Campbell, and Thomas Viscount Weymouth, were, by his Majesty's command, sworn of his Majesty's Most Honourable Privy Council and took their respective places at the board accordingly.

His Majesty in Council was this day pleased to declare the Right Honourable Thomas Viscount Weymouth, Lieutenant General and General Governor of his Majesty's kingdom of Ireland.

Whitehall, June 1.

The King has appointed the Right Hon. Frederick Campbell, to the Keeper of His Majesty's Privy Seal of Scotland, in the room of the Right Honourable James Stuart Mackenzie.

Whitehall, June 8. The King has been pleased to grant unto the Right Hon. Charles Townshend, Esq; the officer of Receiver and Paymaster General of all his Majesty's Forces, in the room of the Right Hon. Henry Lord Holland.

London, May 21.

We are told that a certain Great man has been in conference with a right Hon Gentleman, at his house in Kent, for three days successively; and that he was with him so early yesterday, as to be in town again by eight o'clock in the morning.

May 21. Sunday his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland was at Court, and had near an hour's private audience of his Majesty: His Highness returned to Windsor at six o'clock, but is expected in town this day, on affairs of importance.

Sunday his Royal Highness the Duke of Cumberland also paid a visit to Mr. Pitt, at Hayes, and was above two hours with him.

Yesterday morning upwards of 30 coaches with coronets set out on the rout for the Temples of Liberty at Stowe and Hayes, from which, it is conjectured, some very important turn in the affairs of that Goddess is now on the carpet.

Among the many changes in the ministry the following are talked of.—Duke of Newcastle, Lord President of the Council. — Charles Townshend, Esq; Chancellor of the Exchequer.— Earl of Bute, Lord Chamberlain.—General Conway, Secretary at War. —George Onslow, Esq; one of the Lords of the Admiralty.—Mr. Pitt and Lord Temple, Secretaries of State.— Marquis of Rockingham, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland —Lord Holland to be created an Earl.

But notwithstanding the above, it is asserted, that Mr. Pitt has absolutely declined having any share in the administration.

Died, the Right Hon. Lord Rollo, late Lieutenant Colonel of the 22d regiment of foot, aged 61.

The history of England, or perhaps that of any other nation, hardly furnishes an example so glorious to a subject as that of his being called twice from retirement, by the command of his Sovereign, and with the voice of the people, to restore to good order the perplexed affairs of his country. So peculiar an honour however distinguishes Mr. Pitt, for whom so high so high an esteem, for shining abilities and inflexible integrity, appears to be rivetted in the hearts of a whole nation, as no influence can withdraw, nor any calumnies lessen; and their confidence in him is so great and has been so lasting, that it is no extravagance to say, he has an actual command over their fortunes and lives: on which good men may congratulate themselves in a corrupt age, from seeing that real virtue wants not incitements, since, when discovered, it excites such attachments as are its most satisfactory rewards. The Sovereign honors himself most by honoring those who possess most of the confidence of his people; for in their amplest trusts his highest power must consist. It is impossible to describe truly the universal satisfaction that is now felt and expressed at the expectation which is entertained of high glory to his Majesty, and as high happiness to his people, from all future state measures. They know the goodness of his royal heart is such, that he has no distinct objects, nor have they any separate views: they wish but to share in his glory, and to partake of his welfare, which, with their fortunes and lives, they will be solicitous to encrease; and they have but one desire more, which is, that no instrument of dissension may be suffered to remain, even to put harmony again to the least hazard; for what are the gratifications of individuals, opposed to the good of a whole community.

Affairs of the utmost importance to the well-being and improvement of the British American colonies, are now under consideration of the Board of Trade.

Yesterday morning early a duel was fought between two officers in Hyde-Park, about superiority of service in America, when the challenger received a thrust in the sword arm, a reconciliation ensued, and the wounded gentleman proceeded for assistance to an eminent surgeon in the neighbourhood.

We are told, that several great Commoners will be ennobled soon after the rising of Parliament; among others, it is said, that the gallant Sir William Johnson will be raised to the dignity of a Viscount in Ireland.

To be sold at Public Vendue, on the Premises, in the Town of *Dorchester*, on Saturday Afternoon at 5 o'Clock, the 17th of *August* next;

The House, Barn, Gardens and eight Acres of Land adjoining, late the Seat of *James Allen*, Esq; deceas'd.—Also, about Eight Acres of Land opposite the burying Ground; five Acres Pasture near the Meeting-House, and five Acres Salt-Marsh (more or less) belonging to said Estate, to be put up in separate Lots as may suit the Purchasers. 29 *July*, 1765.

To be Sold by

HENRY LLOYD,

CHOICE new well made Anchors, from 70lb to 8 Cwt. at 5d per pound for the Cash.

Best Bohea TEA, just

Imported from LONDON, and to be Sold very cheap by the Chest, Hundred Weight, or smaller Quantity,

By Thomas Amory, *Distiller*,

at the South-End, near the Hay-Market.

TO BE SOLD,

A Pleasure-Boat, called the *Mercury*, well accommodated, or suitable for any other Service, one of the best sailing Boats in the Harbour. Enquire of *Thomas Palfrey*, Sail maker, near *Hallowell's* Ship-yard.

IMPORTED in the last Ship from LONDON, and to be Sold by

James Jackson,

At his Shop in Union-Street, BOSTON,

A Great Variety of European Goods, consisting of two many Articles to be enumetated. Likewise.

BOHEA TEA and INDIGO warranted good, per the Dozen or smaller Quantity.

N.B. Said Jackson *desires all Persons that are indebted to him either by Note or upon Book, which have been too long standing to settle their respective Ballances speedily.*

To be sold by Public VENDUE, on Thursday the 8th Instant, at the Exchange Tavern in Kingstreet, between the Hours of 12 and one o'Clock;

The Brigantine Polly, burthen one hundred Tons; she is a good strong burthensome Vessel—and the Schooner Polly, about sixty Tons, a very good Vessel, five Years old; both of them lying at the Long-Wharff, the Back of Mr. *Savage's* Warehouse. The Inventories of their Stores may be seen at *John Rowe*, Esq's Warehouse.—At the same Time will be sold, if not before disposed of at private Sale, a large Warehouse on the Long Wharff near the upper Crane; it has lately been thoroughly repaired, and a new Addition made to it on the back Side.——Also, one half Part of the Front half of a House and Shop on the Northwest Corner of Pond-Lane, opposite Deacon *Jones*, in Newbury street. *There will also be sold by Public Vendue, on Thursday the 15th Instant, at the Mansion-House of* John Scollay, *in Wing's Lane*—Sundry genteel Houshold Furniture. ☞ The Sale to begin at 10 o'Clock.

The Grantees of the several Towns lying West of *Connecticut* River, who hold by Patent under the Seal of the Province of *New Hampshire*, and whose Lands by the late Settlement of his Majesty now fall within the Limits of *New York* Government; are desired to meet by their Agent or Agents at the Royal Exchange Tavern in *Boston*, on the fifth Day of *September* next, at Ten o'Clock before Noon, to consider of and determine what Measures may be proper to take to secure their respective Titles.

TO BE LETT,

THE House where *John Gould*, Jun'r. lately lived, in Queen-street. Enquire of the Printers.

Assize of Bread, *July* 29. 1765.

Wheat 4s 10d per Bushel.	lb.	Oz.	Dr.
A Fourpenny White Loaf	2	2	12
Twopenny White Loaf	1	1	6
Fourpenny Brick Loaf	1	15	12
Fourpenny Loaf brown Bread, 3 qrs Wheat, 1 qr Rye Meal,	2	10	0
4d. ditto not more than half Indian Meal	3	8	0
A Basket of a Copper Price	0	5	12

Allowance to be made for the drying of Basket.

To be Sold on TUESDAY NEXT,
The 6th of August, *at the Store of Captain* Benjamin Waldo, *on the Long Wharff, between the two Cranes*
SIXTEEN Hogsheads Cocoa,
lately imported from *Dominica*.——The Sale to begin at Ten o'Clock.

London, June 4.

In the evening on Saturday the first instant, a most dreadful fire suddenly broke out at a shipwright's near Elephant-stairs, Rotherhithe, which in a few hours consumed upwards of 140 houses, notwithstanding all possible means were used to stop its progress. The rapidity with which it raged, the wind being very high, prevented many of the inhabitants (most of them being shipwrights, and other labouring people employed in the business relative to shipping) from saving any part of their effects, whereby they are now reduced to the utmost distress, and are unable to obtain even the necessaries of life without the charitable contributions of well disposed persons.

June 10. On Saturday at noon his Royal Highness the Duke of York, set out for Harwich, in order to embark for Holland on his way to Germany.

We hear a house is taken for M de Bussy, who, some time ago, resided here in a public character from the Court of France.

It is now confidently said matters are so far from being accommodated with the Court of Versailles, relating to the payment of the Canada bills, that some fresh disputes have very lately broke out on that head, which, in all appearance, will protract the affair for a considerable time longer.

June 10. The following Particulars of a late Negotiation are the Subject of much Conversation at the other End of the Town: On Wednesday the 15th of May Lord T. was sent for from Stowe; and on the Sunday following, H. R. H. the D. of C. together with Lord T. and some others, waited on Mr. P. at Hayes; when the principal Thing stipulated, respecting their Return to the Administration, was, "That Lord N. should be at the Head of the Treasury." To which Lord T. and Mr. P. made answer, *That they would never come in under Lord B. Lieutenant*. The Company then returned, and on the Tuesday following [May 21] the present Ministers were *recalled*. *Lond. Even. Post.*

June 12. We hear that his Majesty's islands of Tobago in the West Indies, has of late been discovered to abound in the spontaneous production of wild cinnamon, cloves and nutmegs, little inferior to that of the island of Ceylon in the East Indies.

We are informed, that the inhabitants of the Isle of Man, will be indulged in the liberty of having one or more agents to reside in London, who may call in the assistance of Council, in any public concern, in the same manner as those employed by the American colonies.

June 13. We hear the prize-money for the taking of Pondicherry in the East Indies, which is expected to be paid this month, after deducting the shares of officers, &c. will not amount to more than 5s. each foremastman.

We hear the late Spanish prize, the Santissima Trinidad, is to be fitted out in the river to import timber and plank from North America; at her burthen of 2000 tons will enable the merchants to clear large sums by the bounty allowed by the late act of parliament.

It is Lieutenant Colonel Amherst (and not the General, as lately mentioned) that is promoted to a company in the first regiment of Guards.

John Amherst, Esq; another Brother of the General's, is appointed Rear-Admiral of the Blue.

It is said, that John Amherst, Esq; Rear Admiral of the Blue, will hoist his Flag on board the new Victory Man of War, as soon as rigged, in order to proceed to relieve Commodore Harrison in the Mediterranean.

It is now confidently said there will be a promotion of land officers, in which number Col. Bradstreet, now in America, will be promoted to the rank of a Major General.

There is a confirmation of the loss of the three Algerine xebeques, the largest, finest, and newest they had, on board of which were forty Christian slaves, and about 1200 seamen, who are all supposed to have perished; the Rais, who commanded a fourth, which was in company with them, finding it impossible to assist them, and being returned to Algier without being able to give an account whether or not a single life was saved. They were dashed to pieces on the rocks of Cape-Tresforcas, under the cannon of Melilla-Prendro, in Spain.

June 14. An article in the Leyden Gazette, dated London May 31. says, that in order to determine Mr. Pitt to return again into the ministry, an offer has been made him of the Order of the Garter: but that he continues still to excuse himself on account of the declining state of his health.

Col. Sir John St. Clair, Bart. is appointed Deputy Quarter-Master General to his Majesty's forces in North Britain.

Some Minutes relating to Affairs at Home are collected from Letters received by Capt. Blake.

THE parliament was prorogued the latter end of May: A few days before which the principal officers of state were very unexpectedly made acquainted with the K—'s intentions of making some changes in several of the highest departments of government; and accordingly the parliament notwithstanding they had finished all the business of the session, was adjourned from day to day for the space of three days successively, in order as is usual in those cases, to issue writs for new elections in case of any seats in the house being vacated by promotion to office.—In the mean time it was publickly known that no less a personage than the D. of C—b—d went down to Mr. P. at his seat at Hayes (Mr P. himself being ill of the gout) with the K—'s instructions to desire him to take upon him the principal management of public affairs, and to let him know that he might nominate to every principal office, and bring in with him such persons as he pleased.—This offer, after a long conference with the D. Mr. P. declined accepting, urging (tis said) his increasing ill health——however that was, tis very certain the D. returned to court with Mr. P.'s negative to the offer, which occasioned no small consternation and bustle at court——The next day Mr. P. and his brothers in law Earl T. and Mr. J. G—le became reconciled to their brother Mr. G. G—le, to whom they had not spoke in two or three years, & all supp'd together at Lord T—'s.——A council was soon held, and instead of the present ministry being turned out the following changes were made, viz. the Hon. S. M—ze, brother of a certain unpopular nobleman had the privy seal of Scotland taken from him in favor of Lord F. C—ll, younger brother to the D. of A—ll; Lord North C—l—d's brother in law also of the said nobleman, resigned the lord lieutenancy of Ireland, and Lord Weymouth appointed in his room. Mr. Ch. Townsend appointed paymaster general in the room of Lord Holland resigned; these are all the changes of any consequence that happened, and 'tis said and generally believed that the D. of N—le has publickly declared that none of his friends will accept any post under the government, if offered, to the disobliging of the present ministry; and 'tis certain that several persons of distinction of the opposition who had not spoke to Mr. G. G—le for a long time, went to his levy immediately after the aforesaid overture to Mr. P. and his declining it.

These seemingly strange and contradictory events and appearances are generally accounted for in England, by supposing that the before mentioned unpopular gentleman expected under all the circumstances of things, that the present ministry would have submitted in some considerable measure to be advised by him in the conduct of the public business; but finding them in that particular quite untractable, that he advised the bringing in Mr. P. again, in hopes of being able to make some better terms with him; but if that could not be done, that by this means the people would be gratified, and that consequently at least the public clamours, which have all along seemed ultimately to fall on the said nobleman, would subside and give him time and opportunity to recover himself.——All this 'tis said Mr. P. saw through, and being persuaded that the overtures thus made to him proceeded not so much from choice and inclination as from a design to answer particular personal purposes, not only refus'd to accept the same, but immediately threw the weight of his influence into the other scale, as he now perceived both parties were embarked in the same bottom, viz. that of opposing the influence of the Favourite.—'Tis said Mr. P. told the D. that he never would undertake and be accountable to the public for his conduct in an office of state, while another who sustained no office, and consequently would not be accountable for the advice he should give in public matters, would be continually going between him and the K—.—That he tho't in his conscience Mr. G. G—le was the fittest man in the kingdom to manage the business of the treasury, and that he did not think it was in his power, under all circumstances, to render any essential services either to the K. or the public by the proffer'd honor.

The situation at court to be sure by all accounts is very particular—The ministry given plainly to understand that they were to go out and others take their places—the principal person intended to be brought in, with such others as he should name, refusing to come in for the very reason that occasioned the determination to make a change—and in consequence of that, the same threatned ministry continued in the administration, because those who were formerly their enemies, now by this step made their friends refuse to lend their aid in order to their being got in, by declining to supply their places.

Various are the guesses of the connoisseurs of what will still happen to the ministry in the course of the summer, and what may be done in parliament next session, in consequence of these events; but time only will discover what these will be, or whether any thing.

(We are obliged to omit the Articles relating the Riots in England, for want of Room.

Boston, August 1.

In Capt. Blake came Passengers, *Jared Ingersoll* (F) Esq; of Connecticut, and the Rev'd Mr. *Ephraim Avery*, Minister of the Episcopal Church at Rye, in New York Province; and several other Gentlemen.

Capt Blake met with Capt. Hunter in a Ship and Capt Hayman in a Schooner, from this Place, going up the River to London. — He also spoke with Capt. Bruce from West Indies, and Capt. Hulme from South-Carolina.

Capt Daverson was to sail the Beginning of July, for this Place.

In the Act for altering certain Rates of Postage, &c. It is enacted, That all Letters between London and any Port within the British Dominions in America, shall pay single 1 s. double 2 s. treble 3 s. an ounce 4 s. sterling.—All Letters by sea, from one port to another, in the said Dominions, shall pay single 4 d. double 8 d. treble 12. an ounce 1 s. 4 d.—No vessel shall be permitted to break bulk, or may enter in any port, until all Letters on board are delivered to the Postmaster of such port (he paying the bringer one penny for each Letter.) All masters, mariners, passengers, &c. neglecting to deliver the Letters shall for every offence forfeit 20 l. sterling.

The Act takes place next October.

The Cases and Boxes for packing the Stamped Papers and Parchments were making the middle of June last, and would be soon ready to ship for these American Provinces.

We hear from York, that last Week died there the Hon. *Jeremiah Moulton*, Esq; aged 77 Years.

We hear that a Brigantine belonging to Rhode-Island, was lately cast away in the Streights of Belleisle, and all lost.

☞ *The Public are cautioned against a certain Dealer in Horses, from a neighbouring Government: He may be known by his being very loquacious and profane to the last degree; he was remarkable on Commencement Day by riding on a broken-winded large Bay Horse, and called by the Name of Green-Jacket-Jockey.—The Injured give this Caution to the Public rather than be at the Trouble of seeking their Recompence of such a Villain in the Law.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE, BOSTON, *July* 31.

Entered In. Warner from Connecticut; Sturgis from Rh. Island; Lecraw from St. Eustatia; Badger and Doyle from Newfoundland; Blake from London.

Cleared Out. Freeman, Lewis and Doane for Connecticut; Ford for Halifax; Cockran for Newfoundland; Gulcker, Daily and Betten for Jamaica; Bennet for Madeira; Harvey for Guadaloupe.

Outward Bound. Moore for Newfoundland; Vernon for West Indies; Bartlet for Bristol.

NEW-YORK, *July* 25.

On Friday last the Body of a drowned Man was taken up in the East River. It appeared in the Coroner's Inquest, that the deceas'd was one Simon (or Oliver) Sherlock, late Captain of a Ship from England to Philadelphia, where the Ship had been sold.

Yesterday came to town, the Rev. Mr. JOHN ROGERS, and his Family, from St. George's in Pennsylvania, in Consequence of a Sentence of the very Rev. Synod of New-York and Philadelphia appointed him to be Minister in the Presbyterian Church in New-York.

The UPS-AND DOWNS.

A Companion to the Ins *and* Outs.

THE P—ce up in the Nursery
The Earl of B—e an Upstart
Ditto uppermost
The Scotch up in the World
D. of Newcastle upon the Shelf
Lord Pratt an upright Judge
Whigs and Tories upbraiding each other
Housebreakers, Informers and False Swearers, upheld by the M—y
Dr. Smollet winding up his history
Dr. Brown up in the Pulpit
Provisions kept up at an exorbitant price
The Printers called Upstairs.
The Colonies up in Arms
The whole Nation in an Uproar
Mr. Wilkes wandering up and down the World.

Scottish Pride down at Lutton Hoe (Bute)
Arbitrary Power down at Ditto
The ——— of ——— down on her Knees
The English down at the Mouth
Mr. Pitt down in the Gout
The late Duke of Devonshire a downright honest Man
Lord——— down with the Scullions in the Kitchen
Bishop of Glocester's Works down in the Necessary
Virtue at C—t kick'd down Stairs
The Earl of Eg—t gone down to Liberty down in the Dirt
Bad PEACE-soup cramm'd down the Throats of the English

The New Advertisements relating to Bankrupts, and the Meeting of Trustees to some of them, we are obliged to throw into the 4th Page, to which those who are interested therein may turn.

For other Advices, &c. see *Extra Gazette.*

Prince of Wales
Lord Temple Her royal Highness Duke of Cumberland
Lord Bute Lord Granville Janes Grenville (a) Mckinsey (c) Duke of Athol
(c) Northumberland (d) Duke Newcastle (e) Frederick Campbell (f) Stamp officer for Connecticut

New Advertisements.

WHEREAS in Purſuance of an Advertiſement, publiſhed in the *Maſſachuſetts Gazette*, *John Winniett*, late of *Boſton*, Merchant,

who keeps himſelf concealed from his Creditors, has ſignified by Writing under his Hand to the Honorable THOMAS HUTCHINSON, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superior Court, &c. that he is willing to ſurrender up all his Effects, and has deſired that Truſtees may be forthwith appointed, and we the Subſcribers have been appointed accordingly: — *Public Notice* is hereby given to all the Creditors of the ſaid *John Winniett*,

to meet at the Bunch of Grapes Tavern in King-Street, *Boſton*, on Thurſday the twenty ſecond of this inſtant *Auguſt*, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, to proceed in ſuch Way and Manner as the Act or Law of this Province, intitled, *An Act for preventing Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of inſolvent Debtors for the Uſe of their Creditors*," impowers and directs.

Leonard Jarvis,
Boſton, Auguſt 1. 1765. *John Hancock*,
John Timmins.

WHEREAS in Purſuance of an Advertiſement, publiſhed in the *Maſſachuſetts Gazette*, *Aaron Brown*, late of *Littleton*, in the County of *Middleſex*, Houſewright,

who keeps himſelf concealed from his Creditors, has ſignified in Writing under his Hand to the Honorable THOMAS HUTCHINSON, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superiour Court, &c. that he is willing to ſurrender up all his Effects for the Benefit of his Creditors, and has deſired that Truſtees may be forthwith appointed, and we the Subſcribers have been appointed accordingly:

Public Notice is hereby given to all the Creditors of the ſaid *Aaron Brown*,

to meet at the Houſe of Mr. *George Pierce*, Innholder in ſaid *Littleton*, on Friday the ſixteenth Day of *Auguſt* next, at Nine o' Clock in the Forenoon, to proceed in ſuch Way and Manner as the Act or Law of this Province, intitled, *An Act for preventing Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of inſolvent Debtors for the Uſe of their Creditors*," impowers and directs.

George Pierce
Littleton, July 26. 1765. *Phinehas Brown*
Jonathan Symonds.

WHEREAS in Purſuance of an Advertiſement, publiſhed in the *Maſſachuſetts Gazette*, *Nowell Dodge*, late of *Weſtford*, Cooper or Trader, who keeps himſelf concealed from his Creditors, has ſignified by Writing under his Hand to the Honorable THOMAS HUTCHINSON, Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superior Court, &c. that he is willing to ſurrender up all his Effects, and has deſired that Truſtees may be forthwith appointed, and we the Subſcribers have been appointed accordingly: — *Public Notice* is hereby given to all the Creditors of ſaid *Nowell Dodge*,

to meet at the Houſe of *James Pollard*, Innholder in ſaid *Weſtford*, on Thurſday the 8th Day of *Auguſt* next, at Two o'Clock in the Afternoon,

to proceed in ſuch Way and Manner as the Act or Law of this Province, intitled, *An Act for preventing Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of inſolvent Debtors for the Uſe of their Creditors*," impowers and directs. *Nathaniel Boynton*,
Weſtford, July 13. 1765. *Ephraim Hildreth*, jun.
John Tarbell.

THIS DAY Publiſhed,
And Sold by S. KNEELAND, *oppoſite the Probate Office in Queen-Street*:

TWO DISSERTATIONS,

I. Concerning the END for which GOD created the WORLD.

II. The Nature of TRUE VIRTUE.

By the late Reverend, Learned and Pious

JONATHAN EDWARDS, A.M.
Preſident of the College in *New-Jerſey*.

TO BE SOLD BY

Wm Murray

At the Sign of General WOLFE, in Marlborough-ſtreet;

AN Aſſortment of *Engliſh* Goods, by Wholeſale and Retail, which he will ſell *cheaper* than can be had at any other Shop in Town, as he intends to leave off Shopkeeping as ſoon as he can ſell off his preſent Stock of Goods.

N. B. All thoſe that are indebted to ſaid *Murray*, or the Eſtate of *Samuel Hill*, deceas'd, are deſired to make ſpeedy Payment to him.

Province of MASSACHUSETS-BAY.

Purſuant *to an Act or Law of this Province, intitled*, "An Act to prevent Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of Inſolvent Debtors for the Benefit of their Creditors," *PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, by Order of the Honorable* THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, for the aforeſaid Province, That upon Application made to him by one of the Creditors of*

Jacob Bucknam, *late of* Boſton, *Truckman, now abſconding or concealing himſelf, He the ſaid Chief Juſtice did direct all the Eſtate, real, perſonal and mixed, of the ſaid* Jacob Bucknam *to be attached ſeized, taken and kept; and that unleſs he does return or appear and diſcharge his juſt Debts, or give Security to the Satisfaction of his Creditors for Payment thereof within three Months from this Day, all the Eſtate that ſhall be ſo attached, ſeized and taken, will be ſold for the Benefit of his Creditors. Dated the* 25th *of* July, 1765.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

Purſuant *to an Act or Law of this Province, intitled*, "An Act to prevent Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of Inſolvent Debtors for the Benefit of their Creditors," *PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, by Order of the Honorable* THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superior Court of Judicature, Court of Aſſize and General Goal Delivers, for the aforeſaid Province, That upon Application made to him by ſeveral Creditors of*

Thomas Rice, *late of* Boſton, *Rope-maker, now abſconding or concealing himſelf, He the ſaid Juſtice did direct all the Eſtate, real, perſonal, and mixed, of the ſaid* Thomas Rice, *to be attached, ſeized, taken and kept; and that unleſs he does return or appear and diſcharge his juſt Debts, or give Security to the Satisfaction of his Creditors for Payment thereof within three Months from this Day, all the Eſtate which ſhall be ſo attached, ſeized and taken, will be ſold for the Benefit of his Creditors. Dated the* 31ſt. July, 1765.

PROVINCE OF MASSACHUSETTS-BAY,

Purſuant *to an Act or Law of this Province, intitled*, "An Act to prevent Fraud in Debtors, and for ſecuring the Effects of Inſolvent Debtors for the Benefit of their Creditors," *PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, by Order of the Honorable* THOMAS HUTCHINSON, *Eſq; Chief Juſtice of the Superior Court of Juaicature, Court of Aſſize and General Goal Delivery, for the aforeſaid Province, That upon Application made to him by one of the Creditors of*

Thomas How, *late of* Boſton, *Tin-Plate worker, now abſconding or concealing himſelf, He the ſaid Chief Juſtice did direct all the Eſtate, real, perſonal and mixed, of the ſaid* Thomas How *to be attached, ſeized, taken and kept; and that unleſs he does return or appear and diſcharge his juſt Debts, or give Security to the Satisfaction of his Creditors for Payment thereof within three Months from this Day, all the Eſtate that ſhall be ſo attached, ſeized and taken, will be ſold for the Benefit of his Creditors. Dated the* 31ſt *of* July, 1765.

Imported from LONDON,
And to be ſold by Wholeſale or Retail, cheap for Caſh, by

Jolley Allen,

At his Shop near the Fit for all Seaſons, too Draw-Bridge, in *Boſton*, many to be enumerated A large Aſſortment of in an Advertiſement. Engliſh and India Goods. ALSO,

IRISH Linnens very cheap;

likewiſe the very beſt ſort of Taffity Perſians; Womens beſt *Lynn*-made Callimanco Shoes, at 36s. O. T. by the ſingle Pair, and cheaper by the Quantity; French Indigo, none better, at Three Pounds five Shillings Old Tenor by the ſingle Pound, and cheaper by the Quantity, Nankeen Jackets.

☞ LIKEWISE choice BOHEA TEAS, by the Cheſt, Hundred, Dozen, or half Dozen, at 40s. O.T. per Pound to licenſed Perſons, and by the ſingle Pound at one Dollar; the half Pound at half a Dollar; and the Quarter of a Pound at Eleven Shillings and three Pence: Alſo the very beſt Hyſon TEA, at Ten Pounds O. T. per Pound, and another ſort at Five Pounds ten Shillings O. T. per Pound.

☞ *N. B.* All the above otherwiſe will be taken back, and the Money are warranted of the return'd, by the ſaid beſt Kind; and if *Jolley Allen*.

Province of MASSACHUSETTS-BAY.

By His Excellency the Governor, with the Advice of the Council.

HIS Excellency having laid before the Council an Account he had received from his Excellency Commodore PALLISER, Governor of *Newfoundland*, that great Numbers of Engliſh Veſſels are employed in Fiſhing for the French at *St. Pierre's*, and trading with them for the Manufactures of *France*, three of which he hath ſeized in the Road of *St. Pierre's*:

It was thereupon Adviſed and Ordered, That the following Paragraph of an Act of Parliament made and paſſed in the Fourth Year of His preſent Majeſty's Reign, intituled, *An Act for granting certain Duties in the Britiſh Colonies and Plantations in* AMERICA, &c. be publiſhed, that the Inhabitants of the Province may be apprized of the Riſque they run in violating the ſaid Act in this Reſpect, and acquainted that all Breaches thereof will be proſecuted with Rigor. 24 *July*, 1765. A. OLIVER, *Secr.*

The Paragraph of the Act is as follows,

Page 473. "AND, in order to prevent any "illicit Trade or Commerce between his Majeſty's "Subjects in *America*, and the Subjects of the Crown "of *France* in the Iſlands of *Saint Pierre* and *Miquelon*, it is hereby further enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That from and after the Twenty-"ninth Day of *September*, One thouſand ſeven "hundred and ſixty-four, if any *Britiſh* Ship or "Veſſel ſhall be found ſtanding into, or coming out "from, either of thoſe Iſlands, or hovering or at "Anchor within Two Leagues of the Coaſts thereof, "or ſhall be diſcovered to have taken any Goods or "Merchandizes on Board at either of them, or to "have been there for that Purpoſe; ſuch Ship or "Veſſel, and all the Goods ſo taken on Board there, "ſhall be forfeited and loſt, and ſhall and may be "ſeized and proſecuted by any Officer of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms; and the Maſter or other Perſon having "the Charge of ſuch Ship or Veſſel, and every Perſon "concerned in taking any ſuch Goods on Board, ſhall "forfeit Treble the Value thereof.

ALL Perſons that have any Demands on the Eſtate of *Benjamin Fenno*, Eſq; late of *Milton*, deceas'd, are deſired to bring in their Demands; and any Perſon that is indebted to ſaid Eſtate is deſired to make immediate Payment to Deacon *Benjamin Wadſworth* of *Milton*, Executor, or *Abigail Fenno*, Executrix of his laſt Will and Teſtament.

Pay, (in Velar) April 21.

ON Sunday evening laſt, between nine and ten, a tragical event happened in this town. Between two and three hundred people, of both ſexes, curious to ſee the tricks of an Italian Juggler, who had amuſed the people for ſome days, repaired to a large room which he had hired to exerciſe his talent in. After two or three ſurprizing tricks, he ſaid, Now you are going to ſee ſomething very extraordinary, and ſcarcely were the words out of his mouth, when indeed an affair happened which no leſs aſtoniſhed the Trickſter than the ſpectators. The floor of the room, which had not been properly ſupported for bearing ſuch a number of people, gave way on all ſides, and the whole company fell pell-mell to the depth of 15 feet, with the beams, planks, benches, chairs, tables, &c. by which accident a number of arms and legs were broke, and contuſions and other wounds received in different parts of the body, but happily not one perſon was killed on the ſpot, and it's even hoped that moſt, if not all, of thoſe who were wounded will recover, tho' many of them are terribly maimed.——It was pleaſant enough to hear two ſervants who were peeping through a window, (on ſeeing all the people diſappear, and thinking it was one of the Juggler's tricks) innocently cry out, O! what a ſtroke is there! that indeed ſurpaſſes all the reſt!

LONDON, April 26.

The following odd circumſtance, which lately happened in this metropolis, is ſaid to be authentic. A ſhopman to a capital ſilk mercer having for many days obſerved a young lady take an opportunity to ſecret ſome goods every time ſhe came, and knowing her to have an independent fortune, formed a reſolution to convert her crime and avarice to his own advantage; accordingly, the next time ſhe came, he artfully laid ſome things of value in her way, which ſhe did not fail to pocket; but at going away the ſhopman deſired her to walk into a parlour, where he roundly charged her with the theft. In the midſt of the terrors which this accuſation threw her into, he propoſed an expedient which he obſerved was the only method to ſave her honour and her life, which was, to marry him. She conſented; and the young fellow is now in poſſeſſion of a very handſome young thief, and 12,000l.

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1765.